

REMARKS

Claims 48, 49, 57 and 58 have been canceled.

Claim 40 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 30 & 33 no longer appear in the language of the claim. Reference to percent identify now refers to the full length "of" a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group. In addition, the function of eliciting an immune response now refers to proteins having specific SEQ ID NO's as opposed to referring to "naturally occurring canine or feline B7-2 proteins." Support for such a function can be found in the specification, for example, on page 10, lines 7-28, page 26, lines 14-23, and page 30, lines 3-20. With regard to T-cell proliferation, the language has been altered so that T-cell proliferation now occurs in conjunction with engagement of a T cell receptor with a major histocompatibility molecule complexed with a peptide. Support for such language can be found in the specification, for example, on page 1, lines 20-24. Finally, part (b) now specifies the sequence be "fully" complementary.

Claim 41 has been amended to remove language referring to naturally occurring B7-2 proteins. In addition, the claim now specifies nucleic acid molecules 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:33, nucleic acid molecules encoding a protein 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:34 and nucleic acid molecules comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO:30. The Claim also now specifies the function of eliciting an immune response or stimulating T-cell proliferation. With regard to T-cell proliferation, the language has been altered so that T-cell proliferation now occurs in conjunction with engagement of a T cell receptor with a major histocompatibility molecule complexed with a peptide. Finally, part (b) now specifies the sequence be "fully" complementary.

Claim 42 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 30 & 33 no longer appear in the language of the claim. Part (d) now specifies the sequence be "fully" complementary.

Claim 43 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 6, 9, 16, 19, 25 and 28 no longer appear in the language of the claim. Part (b) now specifies the sequence be "fully" complementary.

Claim 44 has been amended to include nucleic acid molecules fully complimentary to those already described by the claim. In addition, the function of eliciting an immune response now refers to proteins having specific SEQ ID NO's as opposed to referring to "naturally occurring canine or feline B7-2 proteins." With regard to T-cell proliferation, the language has

been altered so that T-cell proliferation now occurs in conjunction with engagement of a T cell receptor with a major histocompatibility molecule complexed with a peptide.

Claim 45 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 31 & 34 no longer appear in the language of the claim.

Claim 46 has been amended so that it no longer refers to allelic variants. The claim now specifies the nucleic acid molecules encode proteins having the specified amino acid sequences.

Claim 47 has been re-drafted to clarify the language of the claim. In addition, reference to SEQ ID NO's 30 & 33 has been removed from the claim. Also, the length of the fragments has been changed to "greater than about 50 nucleotides". Support for such fragments can be found in the specification, for example, on page 16, lines 24-30. Finally, the claim now also refers to nucleic acid molecules fully complementary to the already specified SEQ ID NO's.

Claim 50 has been amended to read "as specified in any one of" when referring to Claims 40-47.

Claim 51 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 30 & 33 no longer appear in the language of the claim. In addition, reference to naturally occurring B7-2 proteins has been removed from the claim. Also, reference to percent identify now refers to the full length "of" a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group. Finally, functional language, identical to that listed for example in Claim 40, has been added to the claim.

Claim 52 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 31 & 34 no longer appear in the language of the claim.

Claim 53, has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 30 & 33 no longer appear in the language of the claim.

Claim 54 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 31 & 34 no longer appear in the language of the claim.

Claim 55 has been amended to remove reference to allelic variants and naturally occurring B7-2 proteins. The claim now specifies a method to produce a protein using the nucleic acid molecule of Claim 41.

Claim 56 has been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 30 & 33 no longer appear in the language of the claim. Also, the length of the fragments has been changed to "greater than about 50 nucleotides".

Claims 59-61 have been amended to correct improper multiple dependencies. Specifically, the Claims now refer to "any one of" Claims 40-47.

Claim Objections

With respect to the improper dependencies noted by the Examiner, Applicants note Claim 57 has been canceled. Additionally, Claims 46, 50, 55 and 59-61 have been amended to either remove or correct the multiple dependency language.

With respect to Claim 43, the wayward period has been dealt with and should no longer present a problem.

Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph

The Examiner has rejected Claim 43 for lack of antecedent basis for SEQ ID NO's encoding non-soluble B7-2 proteins, since Claim 41, from which Claim 43 depends, requires the nucleic acid molecules encode a soluble B7-2 protein. Applicants note Claim 41 has been amended to remove the requirement that the encoded proteins be soluble.

The Examiner has also rejected Claims 53, 54 and 55 for referring to the method of Claim 50, when in fact, Claim 50 is to composition. Applicants note the dependency in Claims 53-55 has been changed so these claims now depend from Claim 51 which specifies a method.

Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §112 second paragraph

The Examiner has rejected Claims 40-46, 50-55 and 59-61 for lack of written description and lack of enablement. Specifically, the Examiner states some claims to nucleic acid molecules about 95% identical to reference molecules lack a functional description and therefore have not been adequately described or enabled. In addition, there is not adequate written description or enablement for allelic variants or "naturally occurring canine or feline B7-2 proteins."

Applicants note that functional language has been added to claims, in particular Claims 51-52, specifying nucleic acids about 95% identical to reference sequences. In addition, although Applicants believe the use of the term "allelic variant" is supported in the specification, all reference to allelic variants have been removed from the claim set. Likewise, although Applicants believe "naturally occurring canine and feline B7-2 proteins" are adequately described and enabled in the specification, in order to expedite prosecution, Applicants have replaced all such language in the claims with language that references a particular SEQ ID NO.

Rejections Under 35 U.S.C §§ 102 and 103

The Examiner has rejected Claims 40, 44, 46-52 and 55-61 as being anticipated by Collisson stating that Collisson is available as a reference as of May 1, 1998. Collisson teaches SEQ ID NO:5, a nucleic acid sequence encoding a feline B7-2 protein, that is 98% identical to the coding region of instant SEQ ID NO:28 and 95% identical to instant SEQ ID NO:26.

Applicants note that SEQ ID NO's 1-29 were disclosed on April 17, 1998, prior to Collisson's filing date of May 1, 1998. It is only SEQ ID NO's 31-35 that were disclosed on March 19, 1999 which is after Collisson's priority date. Applicants note that the Claims have been amended so that SEQ ID NO's 31-35 are not claimed in the same claim as SEQ ID NO's 1-29. For example, Claim 40 now lists only SEQ ID NO's 6, 9, 16, 19, 25 and 28 and therefore should be accorded a priority date of April 17, 1998 which is earlier than Collisson's priority date. With respect to SEQ ID NO's 30-35, Claim 41 claims nucleic acid sequences at least about 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:33 and amino acid sequences 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:34.

Applicants note that Collisson cannot be considered prior art to these sequences for the following reasons.

There are two forms of the B7-2 protein, a full length form, which contains a transmembrane domain, and a soluble form lacking the transmembrane domain. The soluble form of the B7-2 protein is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule created by alternative splicing of the cDNA encoding the full-length form. SEQ ID NO:5 disclosed by Collisson is the sequence of the gene encoding the full-length form of the feline B7-2 protein. Instant SEQ ID NO:33 encodes the soluble form of the feline B7-2 protein and therefore lacks the sequences encoding the transmembrane domain which are present in SEQ ID NO:5. Collisson discloses no such sequence. As a result of its lacking the transmembrane domain coding region, SEQ ID NO:33 shares less than 95% identity with SEQ ID NO:5 of Collisson. Below is an alignment of SEQ ID NO:33 with the corresponding region of SEQ ID NO:5. This alignment demonstrates these two sequences share, at best, 69% identity:

align Results

Please see: Pearson, W.R., Wood, T., Zhang, Z., and Miller, W. (1997)
Comparison of DNA sequences with protein sequences, Genomics 46: 24-36

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>_ SIN5  

>_ SIN33  

scoring matrix: . gap penalties: -1.2/-2  

69.0% identity; Global alignment score: 1056  

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          10      20      30      40      50      60  

SIN05  ATACAAGGTACCCAGAACCTAAGGAGATGTATTTCAGCTAACACTGAGAAATTCAACT  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

SIN33  ATACAAGGTACCCAGAACCTAAGGAGATGTATTTCAGCTAACACTGAGAAATTCAACT  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

          10      20      30      40      50      60  

          70      80      90      100     110     120  

SIN05  ACTAAGTATGATACTGTCATGAAGAAAATCTCAAAATAATGTGACAGAACTGTACAACGTT  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

SIN33  ACTAAGTATGATACTGTCATGAAGAAAATCTCAAAATAATGTGACAGAACTGTACAACGTT  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

          70      80      90      100     110     120  

          130     140     150     160     170     180  

SIN05  'TCTATCAGCTTGCCCTTTTCAGTCCCTGAAGCACACAATGTGAGCGCTTTGTGCCCTG  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

SIN33  'TCTATCAGCTTGCCCTTTTCAGTCCCTGAAGCACACAATGTGAGCGCTTTGTGCCCTG  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

          130     140     150     160     170     180  

          190     200     210     220     230     240  

SIN05  AAACTGGAGACACCTGGAGATGCTGCTCTCCCTACCTTCATAATAGATGCCACAAACCTAAG  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

SIN33  AAACTGGAGACACCTGGAGATGCTGCTCTCCCTACCTTCATAATAGA-----  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

          190     200     210     220  

          250     260     270     280     290     300  

SIN05  GATAAAGACCCCTGAACAAAGGCCACTTCCTCTGGATTGGCGCTGTACTTGTAATGTTTGTT  

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          310     320     330     340     350     360  

SIN05  GTT'TT'TTGTGGGATGGTGTCTTTAAACACTAAGGAAAGGAAGAAGCAGCCCTGGC  

-----  

          370     380     390     400     410     420  

SIN05  CCCTCTCATGAATGTGAACCATCAAAAGGGAGAGAAAAGAGAGCAAAACAGACCAACGAA  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

SIN33  -----AACCATCAAAAGGGAGAGAAAAGAGAGCAAAACAGACCAACGAA  

       :::::::::::::::::::::  

          230     240     250     260     270
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	430	440	450	460	470	480
SIN05	ACAGTACCATACCACGTACCTGAGAGATCTGATGAAGCCCAGTGTAAACATTTGAAG					
	::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: ::::					
SIN33	AGAGTACCATACCACGTACCTGAGAGATCTGATGAAGCCCAGTGTAAACATTTGAAG					
	280	290	300	310	320	330
	490	500				
SIN05	ACAGCCCTCAGGGGACAAAATCAGTAGG-A					
	::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: :::: ::::					
SIN33	ACAGCCCTCAGGCAGACAAAAGT-ACTACACA					
	340	350				

With respect to SEQ ID NO:30, Applicants note that Claim 41 now claims a nucleic acid sequence comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO:30. Alignment of SEQ ID NO:30 with the corresponding region of Collissons SEQ ID NO:5 (shown below) demonstrates that these sequences are not 100% identical but, due sequence variation at their 3' ends, are instead 98.4% identical.

align Results

Please see: Pearson, W.R., Wood, T., Zhang, Z., and Miller, W. (1997)
Comparison of DNA sequences with protein sequences, Genomics 46: 24-36

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>_ SIN5                                         509 nt vs.
>_ SIN30                                        509 nt
scoring matrix: , gap penalties: -12/-2
98.4% identity;                                Global alignment score: 1966

      10      20      30      40      50      60
SIN05  ATACAAGGTTACCCAGAACCTAACCGAGATGTATTTCAGCTAAACACTGAGAATTCAACT
      ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::
SIN30  ATACAAGGTTACCCAGAACCTAACCGAGATGTATTTCAGCTAAACACTGAGAATTCAACT
      10      20      30      40      50      60
      70      80      90      100     110     120
SIN05  ACTAAGTATGATACTGTCACTGAAGAAATCTCAAATAATGTGACAGAACTCTACAACGTT
      ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::
SIN30  ACTAAGTATGATACTGTCACTGAAGAAATCTCAAATAATGTGACAGAACTGTACAACGTT
      70      80      90      100     110     120
      130     140     150     160     170     180
SIN05  TCTATCAGCTTGCCCTTTTCAGTCCCTGAAGCACACAAATGTGAGCGTCTTTGTGCCCTG
      ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::
SIN30  TCTATCAGCTTGCCCTTTTCAGTCCCTGAAGCACACAAATGTGAGCGTCTTTGTGCCCTG
      130     140     150     160     170     180
      190     200     210     220     230     240
SIN05  AAACCTGGAGACACTGGAGAGTGTGCTCTCCCTACCTTCAATATAGATGCACAAACCTAAG
      ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::::::::::::::::: ::::::
SIN30  AAACCTGGAGACACTGGAGAGTGTGCTCTCCCTACCTTCAATATAGATGCACAAACCTAAG
      190     200     210     220     230     240

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SIN05	250	260	270	280	290	300
	GATAAAAGACCCCTGAACAAGGCCAC'TCCTCTGGATTGCGGCTGTACTTGTAATGTTGTT					
SIN30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	GATAAAAGACCCCTGAACAAGGCCAC'TCCTCTGGATTGCGGCTGTACTTGTAATGTTGTT					
	250	260	270	280	290	300
SIN05	310	320	330	340	350	360
	GTTTTTTTGTGGATGGTGTCCCTTAAACACTAAGGAAAGGAAAGAAGCAGCCTGGC					
SIN30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	GTTTTTTTGTGGATGGTGTCCCTTAAACACTAAGGAAAGGAAAGAAGCAGCCTGGC					
	310	320	330	340	350	360
SIN05	370	380	390	400	410	420
	CCCTCTCATGAAATGTGAAACCATCAAAAGGGAGAGAAAAGAGAGAGCAAACAGACCAACGAA					
SIN30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	CCCTCTCATGAAATGTGAAACCATCAAAAGGGAGAGAAAAGAGAGAGCAAACAGACCAACGAA					
	370	380	390	400	410	420
SIN05	430	440	450	460	470	480
	AGACTACCATAACCACGTACCTGAGAGATCTGATGAAGCCCAGTGTGTAAACATTTGAAG					
SIN30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	AGACTACCATAACCACGTACCTGAGAGATCTGATGAAGCCCAGTGTATTAACATTTGAAG					
	430	440	450	460	470	480
SIN05	490	500				
	ACAGCCTCAGGGACAAAAATCAGTAGG-A					
SIN30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	ACAGCCTCAGGGACAAAAAGT-AC'TACACA					
	490	500				

Similar result (97.6% identity) are seen if the corresponding protein sequences (SEQ ID NO:6 and SEQ ID NO:31) are aligned.

Based on the alignments shown above, Applicants believe that Collisson cannot be considered prior art for the current claims set.

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CONCLUSION

In light of the amendments and remarks above, Applicants request the withdrawal of all rejections and solicit an allowance of the newly submitted claims. The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned should any issues remain.

Respectfully submitted,

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